

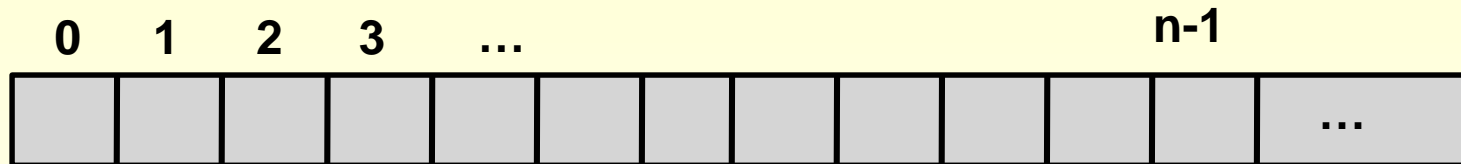
# **C Programming**

## **Lecture 12 : File Processing**

# File

- File

- Data are stored as a form of consecutive bytes



# File Types

- Text File

- Storing characters with ascii codes

- Binary File

- Storing binary numbers as a consecutive bytes

# Handling Files

## 1. Declare FILE type variable

- Use standard library : `#include <stdio.h>`
- ex) `FILE* fp;`

## 2. Open a file

- Connect FILE type variable with actual file using `fopen` function
- ex) `fp=fopen("test.txt","r");`

## 3. Perform I/O with the open file

- Text file : `fscanf()`, `fprintf()`, `fgets()`, `fputs()`, ...
- Binary file : `fread()`, `fwrite()`

## 4. Close a file

- Break the connection between FILE type variable and actual file
- ex) `fclose(fp);`

# File Open

- Before using a file, you must open the file
- `fopen()`
  - `FILE *fopen(const char *filename, const char *mode);`

## ■ Example 1

```
FILE *fp;  
fp = fopen("c:\work\text.txt", "r");  
if (fp == NULL) {  
    printf("file open error!\n");  
}
```

## ■ Example 2

- `fp = fopen("outdata.txt", "w");`
- `fp = fopen("outdata.txt", "a");`

# File Open Modes

- **r or rb**
  - Open file for reading.
- **w or wb**
  - Truncate to zero length or create file for writing.
- **a or ab**
  - Append; open or create file for writing at end-of-file.
- **r+ or rb+ or r+b**
  - Open file for update (reading and writing).
- **b** stands for “binary”

# Text File Processing

- `char* fgets(char *s, int n, FILE *fp);`
- `int fputs(const char *s, FILE *fp);`
- `int fprintf(FILE *fp, const char *format, ...);`
- `int fscanf(FILE *fp, const char *format, ...);`

# deleteLine.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    FILE *fp1;
    FILE *fp2;
    char buffer[100];

    fp1 = fopen(argv[1], "r");
    fp2 = fopen(argv[2], "w");
    if (fp1 == NULL) {
        printf("file not found");
        exit(1);
    }

    while(fgets(buffer, 100, fp1) != NULL)
        if (*buffer != '\n')
            fputs(buffer, fp2);

    fclose(fp1);
    fclose(fp2);
}
```



# Binary File Processing

- `int fread(void *buf, int size, int n, FILE *fp);`
- `int fwrite(const void *buf, int size, int n, FILE *fp);`

# student1.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "student.h"

main()
{
    struct student st, *stp = &st;
    FILE *fp = fopen("st_file", "wb");
    if(fp == NULL ) {
        printf("file open error\n");
        exit(1);
    }

    printf("student_id      Name  Year  Major\n");
    while (scanf("%d %s %d %s", &st.stud_id, st.name, &st.year, st.major) == 4)
    {
        fwrite(stp, sizeof(struct student), 1, fp);
    }
    fclose(fp);
}
```

output:

```
Student_id Name year Major
200601001 Mike  1 Computer
200601002 Tom   1 Computer
```

...  
^Z

# student2.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "student.h"

int main()
{
    struct student st, *stp = &st;
    FILE *fp = fopen("st_file", "rb");

    if (fp == NULL ) {
        printf("File Open Error.\n");
        exit(1);
    }

    printf("-----\n");
    printf("%10s %6s %6s %10s\n", "Student_ID", "Name", "Year", "Major");
    printf("-----\n");

    while (fread(stp, sizeof(struct student), 1, fp) > 0)
    {
        printf("%10d %6s %6d %10s\n", stp->stud_id, stp->name, stp->year, stp->major);
    }
    printf("-----\n");
    fclose(fp);

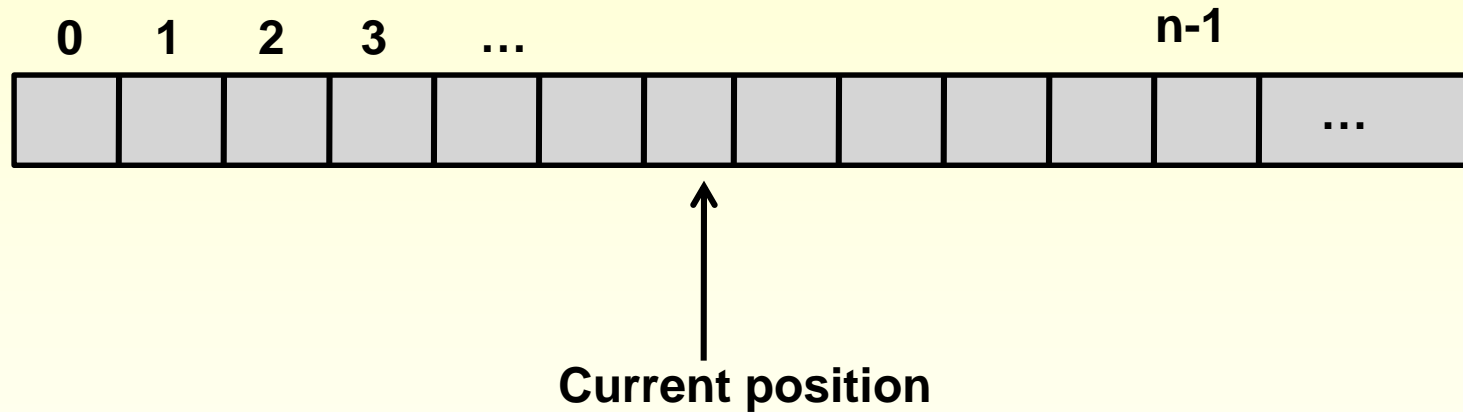
    return 0;
}
```

output:

```
-----
Student_ID Name Year Major
-----
0601001 Mike 1 Computer
0601002 Tom 1 Computer
...
-----
```

# Random Access

- Current file position
  - Updated after file I/O is performed



# Related Functions

- `int fseek(FILE *fp, long offset, int mode)`
- `void rewind(FILE *fp)`
- `int ftell(FILE *fp)`

# fseek mode

mode	val	meaning
SEEK_SET	0	file start
SEEK_CUR	1	Current
SEEK_END	2	file end

## ■ Example

- `fseek(fp, 0L, SEEK_SET)` 파일처음으로 이동
- `fseek(fp, 100L, SEEK_CUR)` 현재 위치에서 100 바이트 우로 이동
- `fseek(fp, 0L, SEEK_END)` 파일 끝으로 이동

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#define MAX 256

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    FILE *fp;
    char w[MAX];

    if ((fp = fopen(argv[1], "a+") ) == NULL ) {
        fprintf(stderr, "file open error!\n");
        exit(1);
    }

    puts("Insert a sentence to a file. ");
    puts("(Just press enter to end the input.)\n");

    while (gets(w) != NULL && w[0] != '\0')
        fprintf(fp, "%s", w);

    puts("file contents :");
    rewind(fp);

    while (fscanf(fp, "%s", w) == 1)
        puts(w);

    if (fclose(fp) != 0)
        fprintf(stderr, "file close error! \n");

    return 0;
}
```

**output:**

```
C:> wordAppend message.txt
Insert a sentence to a file.
Just press enter to end the input.)
Hello world.
Thank you very much.
```

**File Contents:**

```
Hello
world.
Thank
you
very
much.
```